

UNIVERSITY OF RUHUNA DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (GENERAL) DEGREE (LEVEL II) INDUSTRIAL MATHEMATICS IMT 2b2β: Mathematical Computing

Assignment No: 06

Semester I, 2012

- **1.** Solve following linear equations for x.
 - (i) x 4 = 10(ii) 2x - 4 = 10(iii) 5x - 6 = 3x - 8(iv) 2(3x - 7) + 4(3x + 2) = 6(5x + 9) + 3(v) $\sqrt{2}x - \sqrt{3} = \sqrt{5}$
- **2.** Solve following equations for x.
 - (i) $\sqrt{x-8} = 3$ (ii) $\sqrt{x-10} - 4 = 0$ (iii) $\sqrt{x+1} - 3x = 1$ (iv) $\sqrt[3]{x-8} = 3$ (v) $\sqrt[5]{x-10} - 4 = 0$
- **3.** Solve following quadradic equations for x.
 - (i) $x^2 5x + 3 = 0$ (ii) $-x^2 + 6x - 8 = 3x + 7$ (iii) $2x^2 - x - 1 = 0$ (iv) $\frac{1}{2}x^2 - 16x = 5$ (v) $\sqrt{3}x^2 + \sqrt{5}x = 12$
- **4.** Solve following equations for x.

(i)
$$\frac{1}{(x-3)} + \frac{1}{(x+3)} = \frac{10}{(x^2-9)}$$

(ii)
$$\frac{2x-1}{x+1} = \frac{3}{(x+2)} - \frac{6x}{(x^2-4)}$$

5. Solve following equations for x.

(i)
$$e^x = 72$$

(ii) $e^x + 5 = 60$
(iii) $4e^{(2 * x)} = 5$
(iv) $e^{2x} - 3e^x + 2 = 0$
(v) $100^{x^2 - 6 * x + 1} + 5 = 10$

6. Solve following equations for x.

(i) $\ln x = 3$ (ii) $2 \ln 3x = 4$ (iii) $\ln(x^2 - 6x - 16) = 5$

7. Solve the following systems of equations:

(i)

$$2x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 3x_4 = 10$$

$$3x_1 + 5x_2 + 2x_3x_4 = 30$$

$$x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3x_4 = 12$$

(ii)

$$2x_{1} + 10x_{2} + 4x_{3} + 9x_{4} = 1$$

$$x_{1} + 6x_{2} + 5x_{3} + 3x_{4} = 1$$

$$3x_{1} + 16x_{2} + 9x_{3} + 11x_{4} = -1$$

$$x_{1} + 5x_{2} + 2x_{3} + 5x_{4} = 2$$

$$x_{2} + 3x_{3} = 4$$
