

Answer

1)

#####

a

#####

runif(5,0,2)

x=runif(100,0,2) # get the random numbers

hist(x,probability=TRUE,col=gray(.9),main="uniform on [0,1]")

curve(dunif(x,0,2),add=T)

#####

b

#####

rnorm(1,100,16)

x=rnorm(100,100,16)

hist(x,probability=TRUE,col=gray(.9),main="normal mu=100,sigma=16")

curve(dnorm(x,100,16),add=T)

#####

c

#####

n=1

p=.5

rbinom(1,n,p)

```
rbinom(10,n,p)
```

```
#####
```

```
2)
```

```
par(mfrow=c(2,1))
```

```
xbar=0;
```

```
for(j in 1:2000){
```

```
  xbar[j]<-mean(rnorm(16,30,8))
```

```
}
```

```
xbar
```

```
x<-xbar
```

```
mxbar<-mean(x)
```

```
mxbar
```

```
sdxbar<-sd(x)
```

```
sdxbar
```

```
hist(x,main="Histogram of Sample mean",xlab="Sample  
mean",col='red',probability=TRUE)
```

```
curve(dnorm(x,mxbar,sdxbar),add=T,col='green')
```

```
qqnorm(x)
```

```
qqline(x, col = 2)
```

```
summary(x)
```

```
#####
```

Second method

```
#####
```

```
hist(x,probability=T,col='red',main='Histrogrm of sample mean',xlab='Sample mean')
```

```
plot(function(y) dnorm(y,mxbar,sdxbar),mxbar-3*sdxbar, mxbar+3*sdxbar,add= T)
```

```
#####
```

3)

```
par(mfrow=c(3,2))
```

```
n = 50; p=.2
```

```
phat<-0;
```

```
x<-rbinom(2000,n,p)
```

```
for(i in 1:2000)
```

```
{
```

```
phat<-x/50
```

```
}
```

```
phat
```

```
hist(phat,col='red',probability=TRUE,main="Histrogrm of sample mean for  
n=50",xlab="sample mean")
```

```
boxplot(phat,col='green')
```

```
n = 100; p=.2
```

```
phat1<-0;
```

```
x1<-rbinom(2000,n,p)
```

```
for(i in 1:2000)
```

```
{
```

```
phat1<-x1/100
```

```
}
```

```
phat1
```

```
hist(phat1,col='red',probability=TRUE,main="Histrogrm of sample mean for  
n=100",xlab="sample mean")
```

```
boxplot(phat1,col='green')
```

```
n = 200; p=.2
```

```
phat2<-0;
```

```
x2<-rbinom(2000,n,p)
```

```
for(i in 1:2000)
```

```
{
```

```
phat2<-x2/200
```

```
}
```

```
phat2
```

```
hist(phat2,col='red',probability=TRUE,main="Histrogrm of sample mean for  
n=200",xlab="sample mean")
```

```
boxplot(phat2,col='green')
```

```
#####
```

4)

```
x<-0;
```

```
for(i in 1:2000)
```

```
{
```

```
x[i]<-mean(rexp(16,0.2))
```

```
}
```

```
x
```

```
hist(x,probability=TRUE,col=gray(.3),main="exponential mean=2500")
```

```
curve(dexp(x,0.2),add=T)
```

```
qqnorm(x,col='red')
```

```
qqline(x,col='green')
```

```
summary(x)
```